



Methyl Cellosolve

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier Methyl Cellosolve

Other Means of

EGME, Glycol monomethyl ether, Ethylene glycol, Mono-methyl ether, 2-methoxyethanol

Identification

Product Code(s) ME3010

Product Family Organic Solvent

Recommended Use Laboratory and industrial use.

Restrictions on Use None known.

Supplier Identifier Alphachem Limited, 2485 Milltower Court, Mississauga, Ontario, L5N 5Z6, (905) 821-2995

Emergency Phone No. CANUTEC CANADA, 613-996-6666, 24 Hours

SDS No. 0808

SECTION 2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

Classified according to Canada's Hazardous Products Regulations (WHMIS 2015) and the US Hazard Communication Standard (HCS 2012).

Classification

Flammable liquid - Category 3; Acute toxicity (Oral) - Category 5; Acute toxicity (Dermal) - Category 4; Acute toxicity (Inhalation) - Category 4; Reproductive toxicity - Category 1B

Label Elements







Signal Word: Danger

Hazard Statement(s):

Flammable liquid and vapour.

Harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled.

May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Precautionary Statement(s):

Obtain special instructions before use.

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. – No smoking.

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response:

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

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IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor if you feel unwell.

IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.

Continue rinsing.

If exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor.

Storage:

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Store locked up.

Disposal:

Dispose of contents and container in accordance with local, regional, national and international regulations.

Other Hazards

None known.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance:

Chemical Name	CAS No.	%	Other Identifiers
2-Methoxyethanol	109-86-4	> 99	EGME, Glycol monomethyl ether

SECTION 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

First-aid Measures

Inhalation

Remove source of exposure or move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, trained personnel should begin rescue breathing. If the heart has stopped, trained personnel should start cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) or automated external defibrillation (AED). Immediately call a Poison Centre or doctor.

Skin Contact

Rinse with lukewarm, gently flowing water for 5 minutes. If skin irritation or a rash occurs, get medical advice or attention.

Eye Contact

Rinse the contaminated eye(s) with lukewarm, gently flowing water for 5 minutes, while holding the eyelid(s) open. If eye irritation persists, get medical advice or attention.

Ingestion

Do not induce vomiting. Rinse mouth with water. Immediately call a Poison Centre or doctor.

First-aid Comments

Some of the first-aid procedures recommended here require advanced first-aid training. If exposed or concerned, get medical advice or attention.

Most Important Symptoms and Effects, Acute and Delayed

None known.

Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment

Special Instructions

General advice

Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Move out of dangerous area.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Carbon dioxide, dry chemical powder, appropriate foam, water spray or fog. Use water to keep non-leaking, fire-exposed containers cool.

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Unsuitable Extinguishing Media

None known.

Specific Hazards Arising from the Product

May accumulate in hazardous amounts in low-lying areas especially inside confined spaces, resulting in a fire and/or health hazard. May travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back to a leak or open container. Closed containers may rupture violently when heated releasing contents.

In a fire, the following hazardous materials may be generated: Peroxides.

Special Protective Equipment and Precautions for Fire-fighters

Evacuate area. Fight fire from a safe distance or a protected location. Approach fire from upwind to avoid hazardous vapours or gases. Knock down vapours or gases with water fog or fine water spray. Use water spray to dilute spills to non-flammable mixtures. Use water spray to flush spills away from ignition sources. For a massive fire, immediately evacuate the area and use unmanned hose holder or monitor nozzles.

Chemical protective clothing (e.g. chemical splash suit) and positive pressure SCBA may be necessary.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment, and Emergency Procedures

Use the personal protective equipment recommended in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Increase ventilation to area or move leaking container to a well-ventilated and secure area. Eliminate all ignition sources. Use grounded, explosion-proof equipment. Remove or isolate incompatible materials as well as other hazardous materials.

Environmental Precautions

Do not allow into any sewer, on the ground or into any waterway. If the spill is inside a building, prevent product from entering drains, ventilation systems and confined areas.

Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up

Stop or reduce leak if safe to do so. Contain spill with earth, sand, or absorbent material which does not react with spilled material.

Small spills or leaks: contain and soak up spill with absorbent that does not react with spilled product. Place used absorbent into suitable, covered, labelled containers for disposal.

Large spills or leaks: contact emergency services and manufacturer/supplier for advice.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for Safe Handling

Wear personal protective equipment to avoid direct contact with this chemical. Prevent accidental contact with incompatible chemicals. Electrically bond and ground equipment. Ground clips must contact bare metal. Eliminate heat and ignition sources such as sparks, open flames, hot surfaces and static discharge. Post "No Smoking" signs. Only use where there is adequate ventilation. Avoid generating vapours or mists. Never return unused or contaminated product to its original container. Keep containers tightly closed when not in use or empty.

Conditions for Safe Storage

Store in an area that is: cool, dry, well-ventilated, out of direct sunlight and away from heat and ignition sources, separate from incompatible materials (see Section 10: Stability and Reactivity). Keep amount in storage to a minimum. Store in a closed container.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control Parameters

	ACGIH 1	ACGIH TLV®		OSHA PEL		AIHA WEEL	
Chemical Name	TWA	STEL	TWA	Ceiling	8-hr TWA	TWA	
2-Methoxyethanol	0.1 ppm Skin		Not established				

Appropriate Engineering Controls

Use local exhaust ventilation and enclosure, if necessary, to control amount in the air. Use non-sparking ventilation systems, approved explosion-proof equipment and intrinsically safe electrical systems in areas where this product is used and stored. Exhaust directly to the outside, taking any necessary precautions for environmental protection.

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Individual Protection Measures

Eye/Face Protection

Wear chemical safety goggles and face shield when contact is possible.

Skin Protection

Wear chemical protective clothing e.g. gloves, aprons, boots.

Suitable materials are: butyl rubber, Viton®/butyl rubber, Tychem® BR/LV, Tychem® Responder, Tychem® TK. The following materials should NOT be used: natural rubber, neoprene rubber, nitrile rubber, polyvinyl alcohol, polyvinyl chloride, Viton®.

Respiratory Protection

Wear a NIOSH approved air-purifying respirator with an appropriate cartridge.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance Colourless liquid.

Odour Ethereal

Odour Threshold 0.096 - 61 ppm (detection)

pH Not available

Melting Point/Freezing Point -85 °C (-121 °F) (melting); -85 °C (-121 °F) (freezing)

Initial Boiling Point/Range 124 °C (255 °F)

Flash Point 39 °C (102 °F) (closed cup) Evaporation Rate 0.53 (n-butyl acetate = 1)

Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable

Upper/Lower Flammability or

Evolosivo Limit

14% (upper); 1.8% (lower)

Explosive Limit

Vapour Pressure 0.827 kPa (6.203 mm Hg) at 20 °C

Vapour Density (air = 1) 2.62

Relative Density (water = 1) 0.9647 at 20 °C

Solubility Soluble in all proportions in water; Soluble in all proportions in alcohols (e.g.

ethanol).

Partition Coefficient, -0.77

n-Octanol/Water (Log Kow)

Auto-ignition Temperature 285 °C (545 °F) **Decomposition Temperature** Not available

Viscosity 1.76 - 2.05 mm2/s (calculated) (kinematic); 1.70 - 1.98 mPa.s at 20 °C (dynamic)

Other Information

Physical State Liquid Molecular Weight 76.09

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

None known.

Chemical Stability

Normally stable.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

None known.

Conditions to Avoid

High temperatures. Open flames, sparks, static discharge, heat and other ignition sources. Sunlight.

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Incompatible Materials

Strong acids (e.g. hydrochloric acid), acid anhydrides (e.g. acetic anhydride).

Hazardous Decomposition Products

Peroxides. Very toxic carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Likely Routes of Exposure

Inhalation; skin contact; eye contact; ingestion.

Acute Toxicity

Chemical Name	LC50	LD50 (oral)	LD50 (dermal)
2-Methoxyethanol	1500 ppm (rat) 7-hour exposure	2460 mg/kg (rat)	1300 mg/kg (rabbit)

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Animal tests show mild irritation.

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Animal tests show mild irritation.

STOT (Specific Target Organ Toxicity) - Single Exposure

Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation.

Ingestion

Harmful.

Aspiration Hazard

No information was located.

STOT (Specific Target Organ Toxicity) - Repeated Exposure

No information was located.

Respiratory and/or Skin Sensitization

No information was located.

Carcinogenicity

Chemical Name	IARC	ACGIH®	NTP	OSHA
2-Methoxyethanol	Not evaluated	Not designated	Not Listed	

Not known to cause cancer.

Reproductive Toxicity

Development of Offspring

May harm the unborn child.

Sexual Function and Fertility

May cause effects on sexual function and/or fertility.

Effects on or via Lactation

No information was located.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

No information was located.

Interactive Effects

No information was located.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

This section is not required by WHMIS. This section is not required by OSHA HCS 2012.

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SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal Methods

Dispose of contents and container in accordance with local, regional, national and international regulations.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Regulation	UN No.	Proper Shipping Name	Transport Hazard Class(es)	Packing Group
US DOT		ETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER	3	III
Canadian TDG	UN1188	ETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER	3	III

Special Precautions Not applicable

Transport in Bulk According to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, Health and Environmental Regulations

Canada

Domestic Substances List (DSL) / Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)

Listed on the DSL.

USA

Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Section 8(b)

Listed on the TSCA Inventory.

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

NFPA Rating Health - 1 Flammability - 2 Instability - 1

SDS Prepared By
Phone No.
(905)-821-2995

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References CHEMINFO database. Canadian Centre for Occupational Health and Safety (CCOHS).

Disclaimer This document is offered only as a guide in the safe handling of the above product, and has

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